



Product Information Sheet

Polyclonal Anti-Hypoxia-inducible factor-1α, HIF-1α (Magnetic Bead Conjugate)

Catalogue No. PA1041-M Immunogen

A synthetic peptide corresponding to a sequence mapping at the C-terminal of

Lot No. 02J01 human HIF-1α, identical to the related rat and mouse sequence.

Purity

Ig type: rabbit IgG Immunogen affinity purified.

Contents

Size: 100µg/vial Each vial contains 1mg/ml Magnetic Bead in PBS, pH 7.2, 0.05mg NaN₃.

Specificity Storage

Human, mouse, rat. Store at 4°C for frequent use.

No cross reactivity with other

Recommended application

proteins. **Description**

This Antagene antibody is immobilized by the covalent reaction of hydrazinonicotinamide-modified antibody with formylbenzamide-modified magnetic

ImmunoPrecipitation (IP) beads. It is useful for immunoprecipitation.

BACKGROUND

HIF-1 α (Hypoxia-inducible factor 1α ,HIF1A) is a transcription factor that mediates cellular and systemic homeostatic responses to reduced O2 availability in mammals, including angiogenesis, erythropoiesis and glycolysis. This gene was mapped to 14q21-q24. HIF-1 α transactivate genes required for energy metabolism and tissue perfusion and is necessary for embryonic development and tumor explant growth. HIF-1alpha is over expressed during carcinogenesis, myocardial infarction and wound healing. It is crucial for the cellular response to hypoxia and is frequently over expressed in human cancers, resulting in the activation of genes essential for cell survival. HIF-1 α regulates the survival and function in the inflammatory microenvironment directly. It is a transcription factor that plays a pivotal role in cellular adaptation to changes in oxygen availability.

Reference

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- 2. Elson, D. A.; Thurston, G.; Huang, L. E.; Ginzinger, D. G.; McDonald, D. M.; Johnson, R. S.; Arbeit, J. M.: Induction of hypervascularity without leakage or inflammation in transgenic mice overexpressing hypoxia-inducible factor-1-alpha. Genes Dev. 15: 2520-2532, 2001.
- 3. Koshiji, M.; To, K. K.-W.; Hammer, S.; Kumamoto, K.; Harris, A. L.; Modrich, P.; Huang, L. E.: HIF-1-alpha induces genetic instability by transcriptionally downregulating MutS-alpha expression. Molec. Cell 17: 793-803, 2005.
- 4. Ivan, M.; Kondo, K.; Yang, H.; Kim, W.; Valiando, J.; Ohh, M.; Salic, A.; Asara, J. M.; Lane, W. S.; Kaelin, W. G., Jr.: HIF-alpha targeted for VHL-mediated destruction by proline hydroxylation: implications for O(2) sensing. Science 292: 464-468, 2001.